DIGITAL MAPPING TECHNIQUES 2025

The following was presented at DMT'25
May 18 - 21, 2025

The contents of this document are provisional

See Presentations and Proceedings
from the DMT Meetings (1997-2025)
http://ngmdb.usgs.gov/info/dmt/

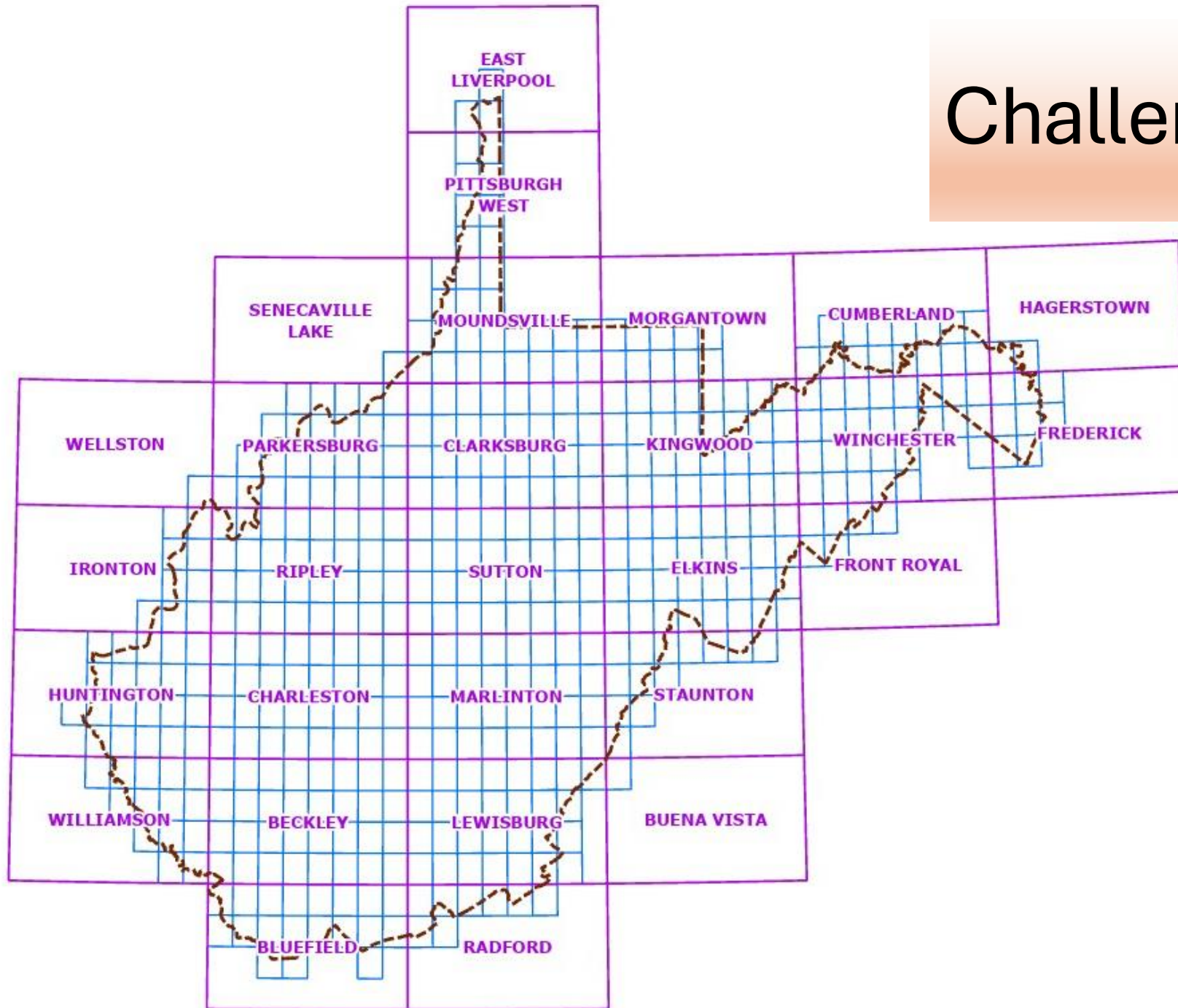# Challenges faced combining single maps into seamless compilations:

➢Organization

➢Edge-matching

➢Authorship & Data Source Tracking

➢Combining Unit Descriptions From Multiple Sources

Challenge: Organization

➢ Enterprise Geodatabase built of all 24K Bedrock mapping

➢ Conversion to GeMS format (data structure and attributes)

➢ Edge-matching required!! Who? How? Fieldwork?

➢ How do we keep track of all the changes?

➢ *Decided to organize by 100K quadrangle "blocks" for compilations and distribution

Challenge: Tracking Changes

Cumberland 100k Bibliography

Geology of the Keyser 7.5-Minute Quadrangle: J. M. Dennison, 1963, 1:24,000, MAP-X10.

Geology of the Big Pool Quadrangle, Berkeley and Morgan Counties, WV: P. Lessing, S. L. Dean, B. R. Kulander, and E. A. Langenderfer, 1995, 1:24,000, OF9502.

Geology of the Hancock Quadrangle, Morgan County, WV: S. L. Dean, P. Lessing, B. R.

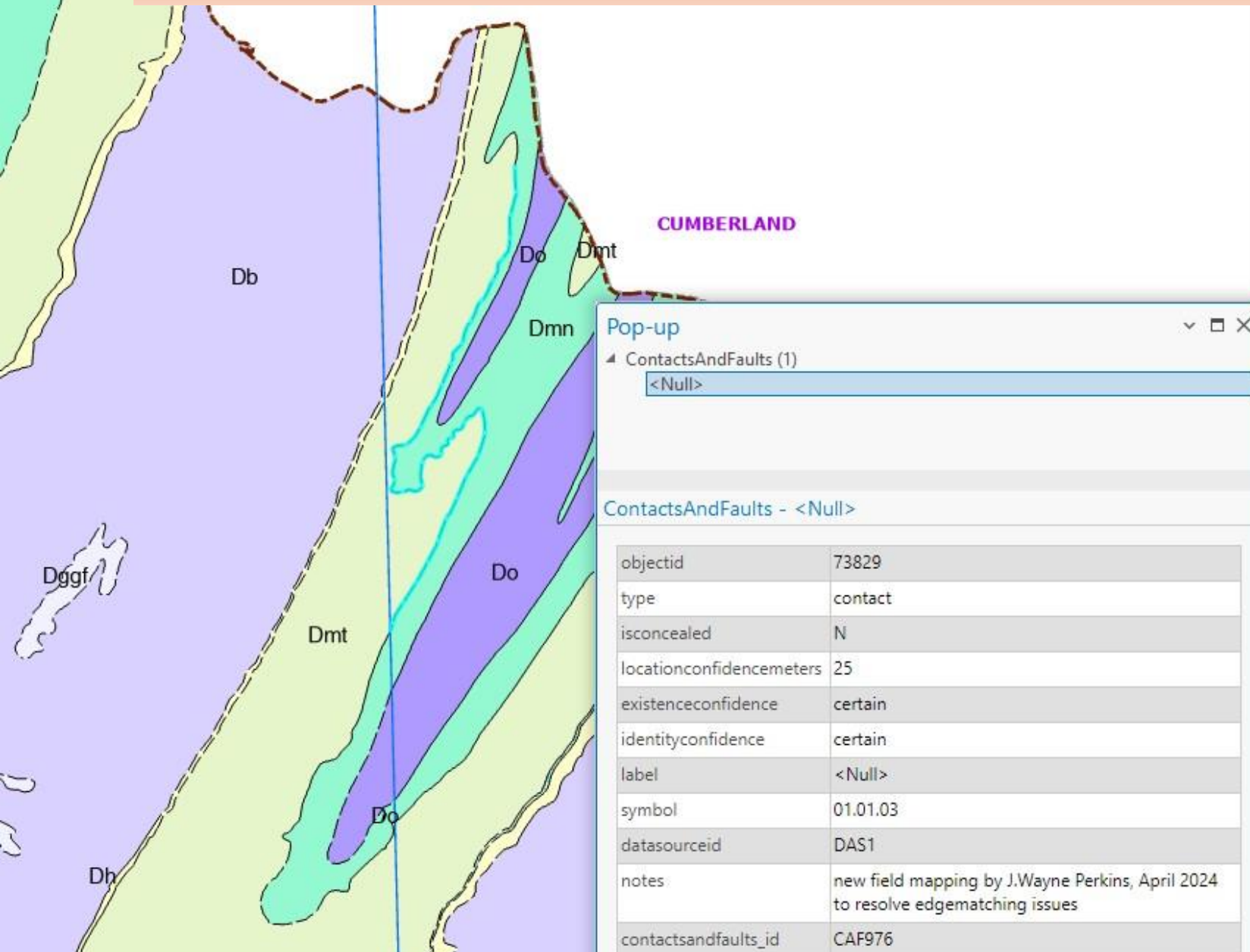| ..	Source	Notes	..	DataSources_ID
1	Federal Geographic Data Committee [prepared for the Feder…	\<Null>	h	FGDC-STD-013-2006
3	Glossary of Geology, Fifth Edition Revised, November 2011 b…	ISBN-13 : 978-0922152896	h	Glossary-of-Geology-5th
4	GeMS (Geologic Map Schema)—A Standard Format for the D…	ISSN 2328-7055 (online)	h	GeMS
5	this report, new field data	new field mapping by J.Wayne Perkins, April 2024 to resolve edgema…	h	DAS1
6	this report, digital compilation Cumberland 100K quadrangle	Digital Compilation of the 1:24,000 Scale Bedrock Geologic Maps of…	h	DDS-9
7	Geology of the Keyser 7.5-Minute Quadrangle: J. M. Denniso…	\<Null>	h	WV_Keyser
8	Digital Compilation of the Geology of the Artemas, Bellegrov…	Digital compilation of 13 Open File Geologic publications circa 2009,…	h	WV_BerkeleyMorgan
9	Geology of the Patterson Creek Quadrangle, Hampshire and…	\<Null>	h	WV_PattersonCreek
1	Geology of the Oldtown Quadrangle, Hampshire County, WV:…	\<Null>	h	WV_Oldtown
1.	Bedrock Geologic Map of the Mineral County Portion of the…	\<Null>	h	WV_CresaptownCumberland
1.	FindSD - A Structural Geology Tool for Planar Attitude Deter…	findSD – A structural geology program for planar attitude (strike and…	h	FindSD
	Click to add new row.			

' of authorship
…cations to
…mpiled GIS
…blication

…et authorship
…mpilations
…blication ID's

…nent
…ataset – track
…ts

➢ DataSource table is great for this, can track OG pubs, new fieldwork, edgematching changes made

7.5 Quadrangles, West Virginia: J.W. Perkins, H.E. Sphar, T.A. Dinterman, R.R. McDowell, S.E. El-Ashkar, and R.E. Carte, Jr.; Digital Cartography by S.E. Gooding, 2024, 12 p, 1 map, 1:24,000, OF-2403

Digital Compilation of the 1:24,000 Scale Bedrock Geologic Maps of the West Virginia Portion of the Cumberland 1:100,000 Quadrangle, West Virginia: WVGES, C. D. Springston, S.E. Gooding and S.E. El-Ashkar, 2024, 1:24,000, DDS-9.

Dinterman, R.R. McDowell, S.E. El-Ashkar, and R.E. Carte, Jr.; Digital Cartography by S.E. Gooding, 2024, 12 p, 1 map, 1:24,000, OF-2403

Example: Cumberland 100K Compilation

CUMBERLAND

Pop-up

ContactsAndFaults (1)

<Null>

ContactsAndFaults - <Null>

objectid	73829
type	contact
isconcealed	N
locationconfidencemeters	25
existenceconfidence	certain
identityconfidence	certain
label	<Null>
symbol	01.01.03
datasourceid	DAS1
notes	new field mapping by J.Wayne Perkins, April 2024 to resolve edgematching issues
contactsandfaults_id	CAF976

➢ Overview Cumberland area

➢ Had a head start with previously digitally compiled, edgematched area c2009: 'BerkeleyMorgan'

➢ This digital compilation assigned a new publication ID "DDS-7" for citability/DataSource

➢ Other single maps from the 100K block added in (DS polys shown)

➢ New mapping to complete the block and fieldwork to resolve edgematching issues beyond the scope of GIS techs

➢ New fieldwork for revised line tagged with own datasource

Example: Cumberland 100K Compilation
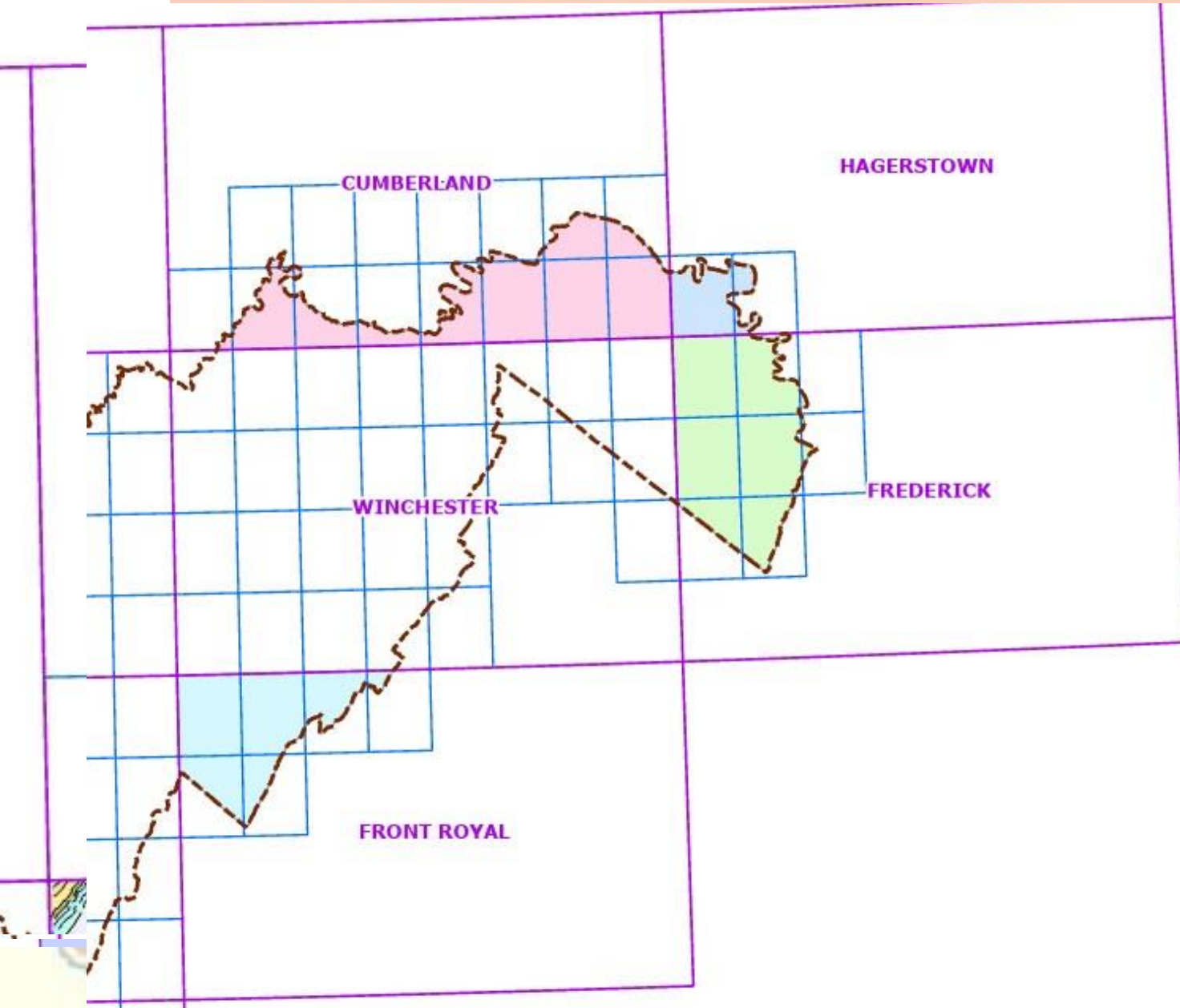
- ➢ Final 100K block: "Before-After" new dataset, new publication DDS-9

- ➢ Old 24K data replaced with new block in enterprise database and for data downloadables to public

- ➢ Data remains 24K, just served in 100K blocks

- ➢ Finished compilation sheet example

- ➢ 100K blocks published so far (See in Map Blast!)

GeMS_Cumberland_100k_Quad_DescriptionsCompilation.xlsx

B22 | Mahantango Formation

		Proposed for Cumberland 100k Quad	Cresaptown-Cumberland 24K	Lonaconing	Patterson Creek	Big Pool	Hancock	Stotlers Crossroads	Cherry Run	Artemas	Paw Paw	Oldtown	Bellegrove	Great Cacapon
			OF-2403	MAP-X10(GM-1	OF-0504	OF-9502	OF-9503	OF-9504	OF-9505	OF-9702	OF-9702	OF-9703	OF-9701	OF-9701
3	Quaternary													

Row 22 — Dmt, Mahantango Formation:

Column C (Proposed for Cumberland 100k Quad): 700 - 2,400 ft. (213 - 731.5 m) Thickly fissile, dark gray, sandy shale, dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; localized zones highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, *tentaculites*), particularly in the upper 40 to 50 ft. (12 - 15 m) that grades into an olive-green shale facies that is locally fossiliferous (typically brachiopods, crinoids, and blastoids), sometimes platy, and bioturbated. Dark tan to brown calcareous concretions are also prevalent. This thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at the top forms low ridges and marks the upper contact. At or near the base is a conspicuous shaley-sandstone interval of roughly 15 to 30 feet (4.5-9 meters) thick. Some distinct, thin-bedded, fine-grained sandstones (resembling those of the Brallier) can occasionally be found. The lower contact with the Marcellus - Needmore Shales is conformable.

Column D (Cresaptown-Cumberland 24K): The Mahantango Formation (Dmt) (700 feet [213 meters] thick) is composed of thickly fissile, dark gray, sandy shale. The upper 40 to 50 feet of the Mahantango grades into an olive-green shale facies that is locally fossiliferous (typically brachiopods, crinoids, and blastoids), sometimes platy, and bioturbated. Dark tan to brown calcareous concretions are also prevalent. At or near the base is a conspicuous shaley-sandstone interval of roughly 15 to 30 feet (4.5-9 meters) thick. Some distinct, thin-bedded, fine-grained sandstones (resembling those of the Brallier) can occasionally be found. While this unit is often described as fossiliferous, only localized fossiliferous zones were located in this map area. The lower contact with the Marcellus-Needmore Shales is conformable. x

Column F (Patterson Creek): (1600-1800 ft.) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common. Clearville Member siltstone and sandstone lies at the top of the formation and is a low ridge former. The Clearville pinches out to the south in the Romney quadrangle.

Column G (Big Pool): (1,800-2,400 ft.) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column H (Hancock): (1,800-2,400 ft.) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column I (Stotlers Crossroads): (1,800-2,400 ft.) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column J (Cherry Run): (1,800-2,400 ft.) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column M (Oldtown): (1,200-1,400 ft) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column N (Bellegrove): (1,800-2,000 ft) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Column O (Great Cacapon): (1,800-2,000 ft) Dark gray siltstone and nonfissile shale; minor fine-grained sandstone; spheroidal weathering common; parts highly fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, tentaculites), particularly in the thick sandstone and siltstone of the Clearville Member at top that forms low ridges and marks the upper contact.

Row 23 — Dmn, Marcellus - Needmore Shales, Undifferentiated:

Column C (Proposed for Cumberland 100k Quad): 300 - 600 ft. (91.4 - 182.9 m) Black to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous. The lower contact with the Oriskany Sandstone is conformable.

Column D (Cresaptown-Cumberland 24K): The Marcellus-Needmore Shales, Undifferentiated (Dmn) (600 feet [183 meters] thick) are composed of light- to medium-gray, fissile shales interbedded with carbonates (Needmore), underlying jet-black, highly fissile shales with some tan to dark brown concretions and interbedded limestones (Marcellus). The lower contact with the Oriskany Sandstone is conformable. x

Column F (Patterson Creek): (500-600 ft.) Black to dark gray, marine, fissure shale of Marcellus overlies medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore.

Column G (Big Pool): (300-400 ft.) Black to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous.

Column H (Hancock): (300-400 ft.) Black to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous.

Column I (Stotlers Crossroads): (300-400 ft.) Black to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous.

Column J (Cherry Run): to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous.

Column M (Oldtown): to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore;

Column N (Bellegrove): to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore;

Column O (Great Cacapon): (300-400 ft) Black to dark gray, marine, fissile shale of Marcellus; medium to dark gray and greenish gray to brownish black shale of the Needmore; dark gray limestone nodules and beds near base in Needmore; sparsely fossiliferous.

Sheet tabs: DataSources | Descriptions_Compared
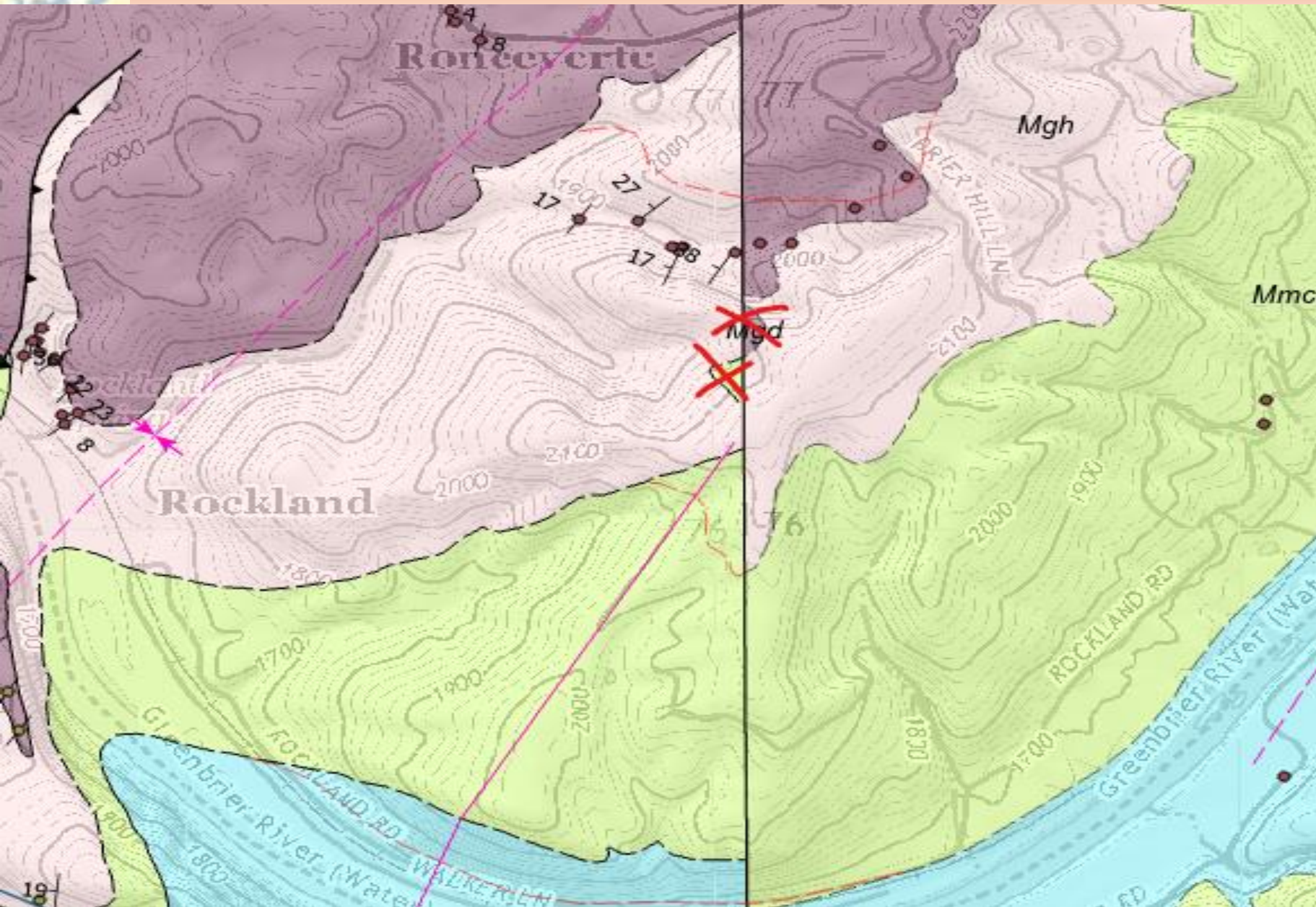
- Ex1: VA border area EM. Before --> updated (Red lines)
- Updated lines tagged with "Rev2025" attributes in DS field
- Rev2025 in the DS table
- Ex2: Ronceverte-Alderson qds, red lines updated (before, after)
- DS table tracks post-publication updates to map

Thank you!! Any questions?

➢https://www.wvgs.wvnet.edu