



# Things to consider during development

- Esri license change: Floating / Computer = 400K / 2.5 millions
- More Qgis user: scripting / mapping
- FAIR: Model and common science language and sharing unique ID
- AI : data / maps
- Cartography: Human readable / machine readable
- New acquisition tools: data acquire / science behind

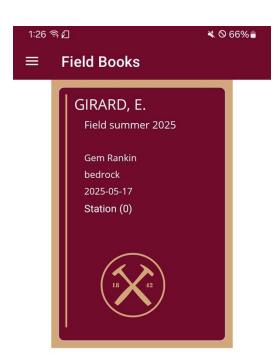
FAIR: Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable





# Talk: two examples

- GSC Field Application
  - New environment of development
  - New background data
  - Customize environment
  - Customize dictionary... be careful...
  - Open source
- UAV in the field in development
  - Totally different usage
  - Future usage









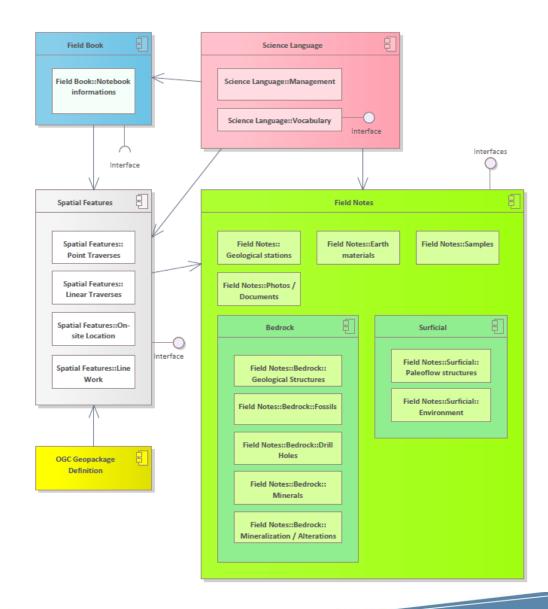
# Field App: New environment of development

- Net Maui: development for 3 different platforms: Windows, Android and IOS (will be)
- Mapsui instead of ESRI map object
- OGC Geopackage database



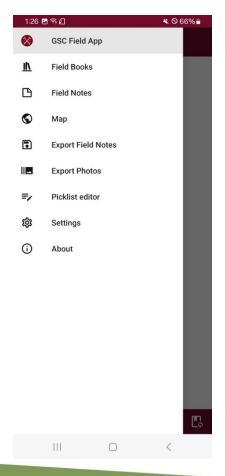
## Field App: Data model

- Field Book: project metadata
- Spatial Features: new line work
- Field Notes: New drill holes...
   more to come for instrument
- Science language: easier to manage
- Database format: Geopackage

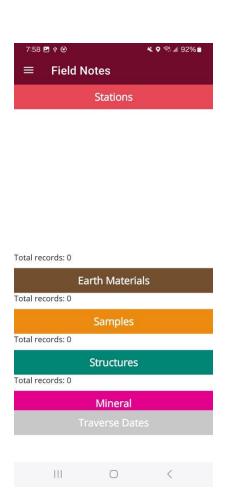


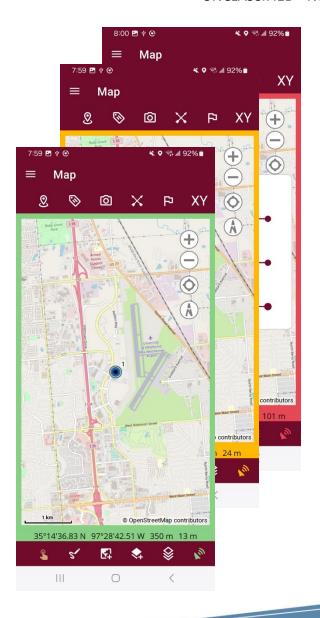


# Field App: Interface

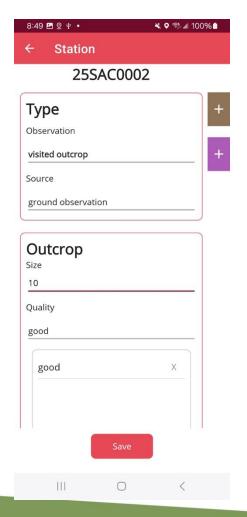


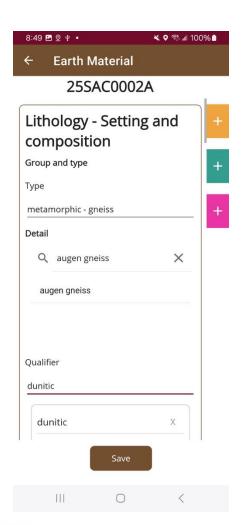


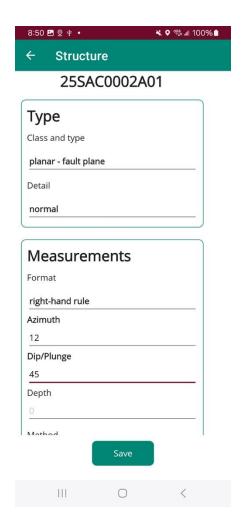


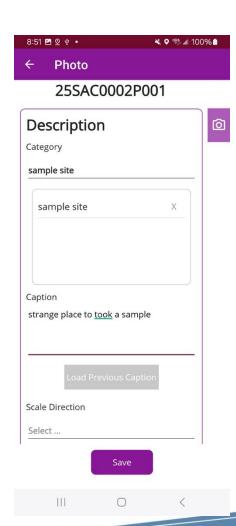


# Field App: Interface









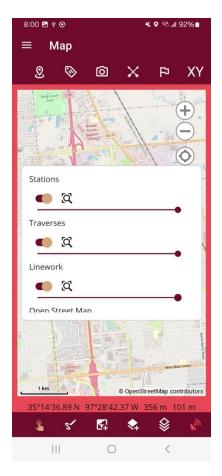
# Field App: New background data

- WMS in a buffer (Street map by default)
  - Zoom to the location before you go in the field
- Mbtile
  - For raster easy to create in Qgis
- Geopackage
  - For vector where you want to query something

#### use SLYR

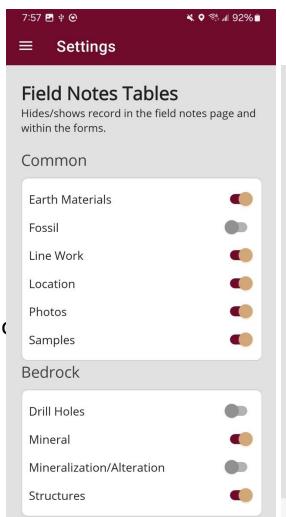
 Extension in Qgis to transfer style or stylex / aprx or mxd / data in compatible format for Qgis... a very interesting way to propose another format for publishing data. Note: their are 2 versions of Slyr: one free and one paid (paid version is better and not really expensive)

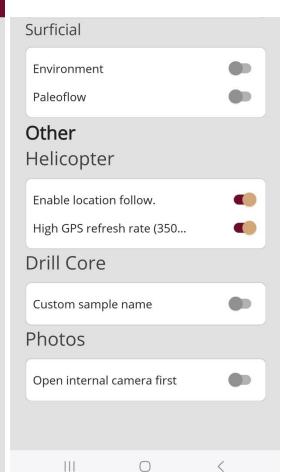
Must be in WGS 84 (EPSG: 4326) or WGS 84 / Pseudo-Mercator (EPSG: 3857). Any other spatial reference system (SRS) set within the geopackage will be projected to EPSG:3857 upon loading in the map page



## Field App: Selectable environment

- turn on/off certain tables of data collection
- Option for helicopter due to have to increase refresh speed took more batteries power
- Option to use custom, normally it's automatic merging year / geol code / sequencial number 25RAT\_E001
- Option to use internal camera instead ( external camera





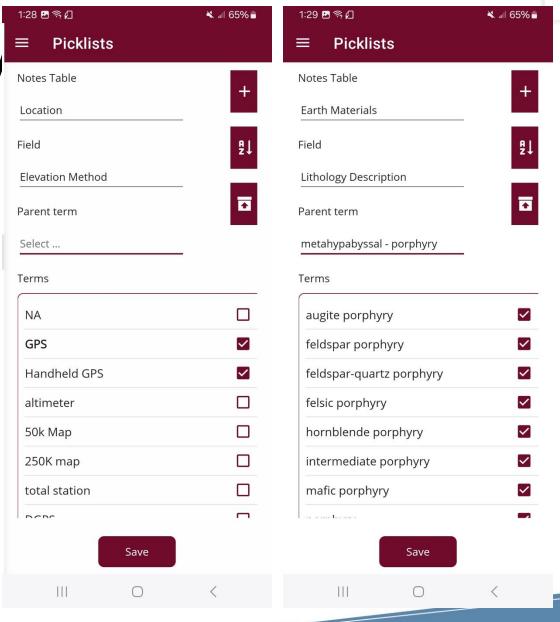






# Field App: Customize dictionary

- Edit terms use in the picklist.
  - Table name
  - Use
  - Reoder
  - Simple
  - Default value



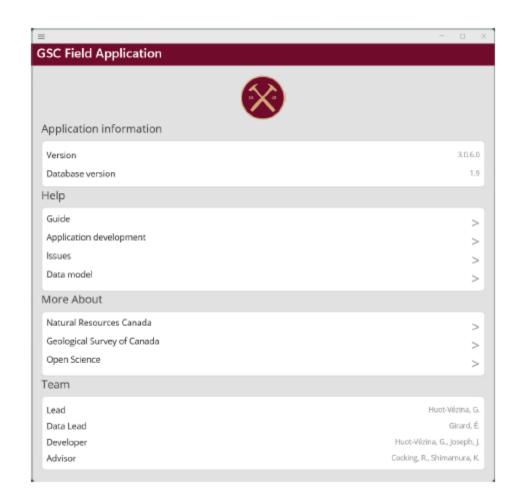


## Field App: About

- Update software
- Hyperlink to documentation

#### **Team**

Gabriel Huot Vézina Étienne Girard Jamel Joseph Rob Cocking

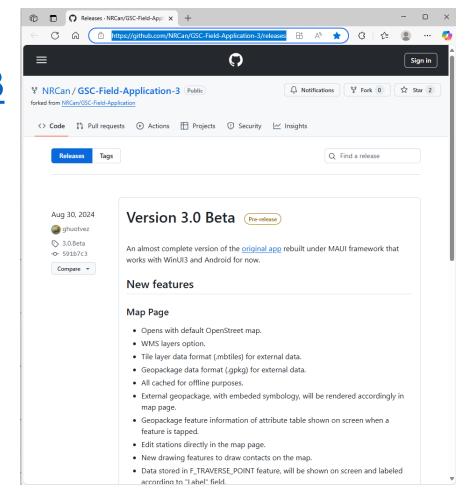






## Field App: Open source

Releases · NRCan/GSC-Field-Application-3









## **UAV** in the field

- DJI Matrice 350 rtk
- Camera RGB P1 42 mp
- Lidar
- Thermal camera H20
- DJI Mavic 3T
- Camera RGB 20 mp
- Thermal camera
- BIG CHALLENGE Travel
   Batteries over 120 Kwh
   cost \$1 000 and 1 month

- Photogrammetry / 2.5 D
- Lidar
- Thermal sensor
- Water sampling
- Magnetometer



# **UAV: Photogrammetry / 2.5 D**

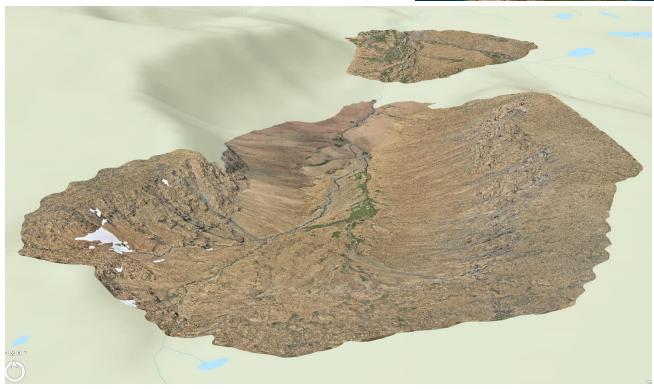
### Gros-Morne, Newfoundland

- 3200 images
- 5280 x 3956 pixels
- To do
  - 9000 images

### Challenge

- Weather
- landform





### **UAV:** Lidar

Rankin Inlet, Nunavut Arviat, Nunavut

For Ice wedge in permafrost

### Challenge

- Weather
- Type of lidar...
- Processing the data







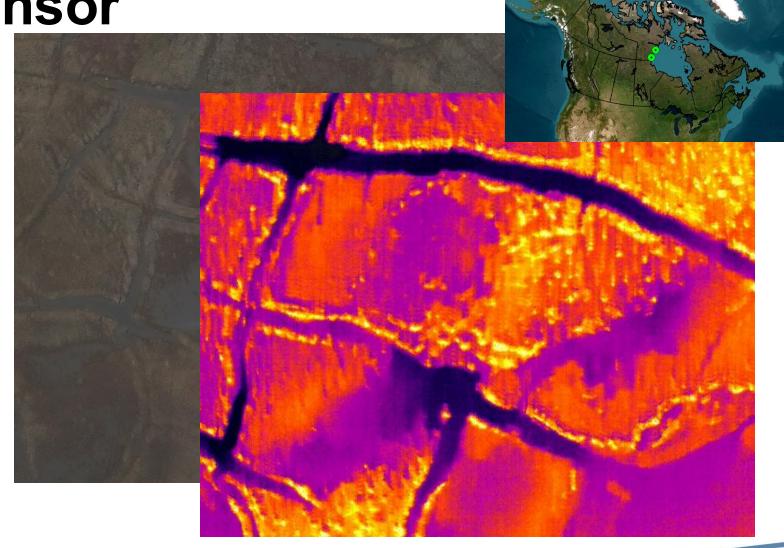
**UAV: Thermal sensor** 

Rankin Inlet, Nunavut Arviat, Nunavut

For Ice wedge in permafrost
Resurgence of groundwater in a river

#### Challenge

- Weather
- Time of the day
- Season



# **UAV: Water sampling**

Rankin Inlet, Nunavut Arviat, Nunavut

Lake geochemical

#### Challenge

- Weather
- ■Time of the day
- Season

<u>Using UAVs to collect filtered water samples for mineral exploration:</u>
Will it take off? - ScienceDirect







# **UAV: Magnetometer**

Six Nations of the Grand River, Ontario

DRONEmag UAV Magnetometer with GSMP-35U Ultra Light-Weight Potassium Magnetometer (0.2 pT sensitivity)

### Challenge

Integrate all parts under the drone

Settings

Data

**Permit** 

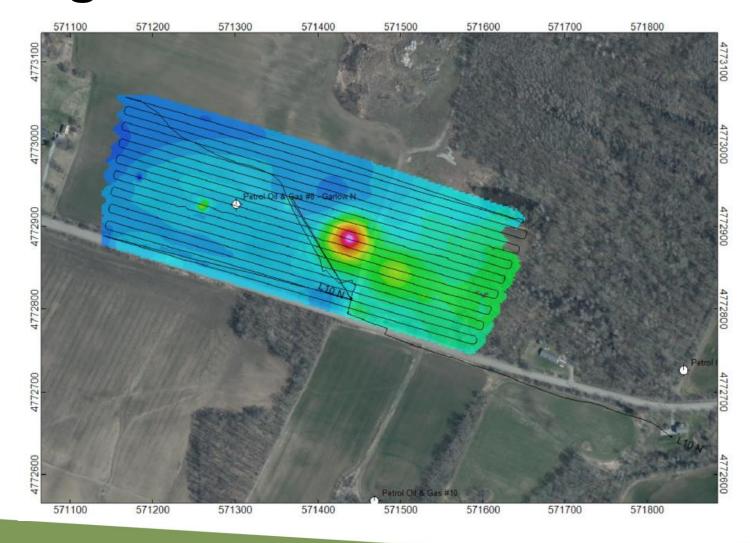
Number of flight



# **UAV: Magnetometer in the field**



# **UAV: Magnetometer in the field**





# Next step for UAV

- UAV Pegasus: 3 hours flight / 10 kg / small batteries + gaz
- Integration of different sensor: Balko
  - New hyperspectral sensor
  - Lidar
  - Very high resolution camera 102 megapixels
  - New capability for planning
  - BLOS
- Bigger price







# Conclusion

Al give us opportunities to increase:

Management of our data

Standardisation of data model

Works on scientific language

Challenge us to preserve cartography

New technology in UAV change the scale of studies New technology give us new opportunities to learn

Where we go. Will see ;-)





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