

The following was presented at DMT'12 (May 20-23, 2012).

The contents are provisional and will be superseded by a paper in the DMT'12 Proceedings.

See also earlier Proceedings (1997-2011)

http://ngmdb.usgs.gov/info/dmt/

Illinois Height Modernization Program

(Moving Toward)
Data Stewardship for
High Resolution Elevation Data

Illinois State Geological Survey
Illinois Department of Transportation

Data Curation

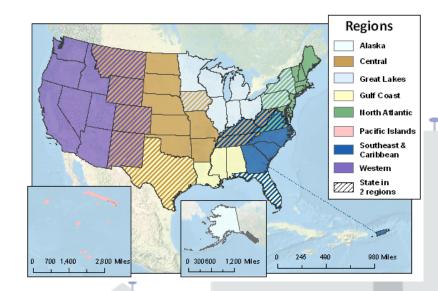
- Actions performed to maintain and utilize data and research results for current and future generations.
 - Sustain current state of knowledge for a research area.
- Joint Information Systems Committee (JISC) Circular 6/03.
 http://www.dcc.ac.uk/docs/6-03Circular.pdf

National Height Modernization Program

- The National Height Modernization Program enables access to accurate, reliable, and consistent heights.
 - Using GPS in conjunction with traditional surveying and remote sensing technologies.
- Seeks to improve elevation information.

National Height Modernization Program

- National Geodetic Survey (NGS), NOAA
 - Regional collaboration.
 - Great Lakes region holds meetings Spring and Fall.
 - Commonly led by DOTs



- Common efforts include:
 - Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS)
 - Real-Time Network (RTN)
 - Geodetic Leveling to set new survey monuments
 - LiDAR and derivative elevation data

Illinois Height Modernization

- Years 1-3: funded by federal appropriations.
 - 2008-2009 funded \$300,000
 - 2009-2010 funded \$725,000
 - 2010-2011 funded \$800,000
 - Total of \$1.9M in funding directly to ISGS.
 - IDOT a project partner.
- Federal Government declared earmark moratorium.

Illinois Height Modernization

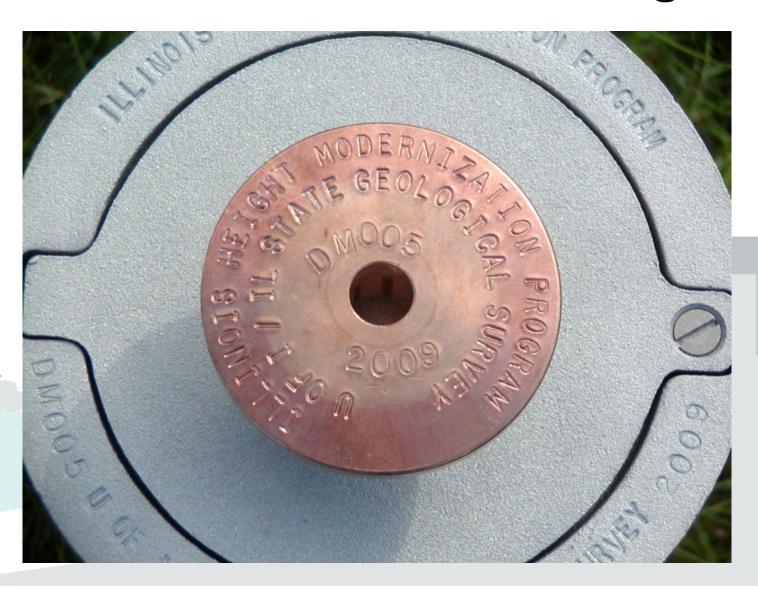
- Year 4: Federal Highway Administration,
 State Planning and Research (SPR) Program.
 - 2011-2012 funded \$3,500,000
 - Option to renew up to 4 times at same rate.
 - IDOT required to provide 20% in-kind match.
 - \$875,000 in staff time or new LiDAR data.
 - Total of \$17.5M directly to IDOT.
 - Intergovernmental Agreement from IDOT to ISGS.

ILHMP: Geodetic Leveling





ILHMP: Geodetic Leveling

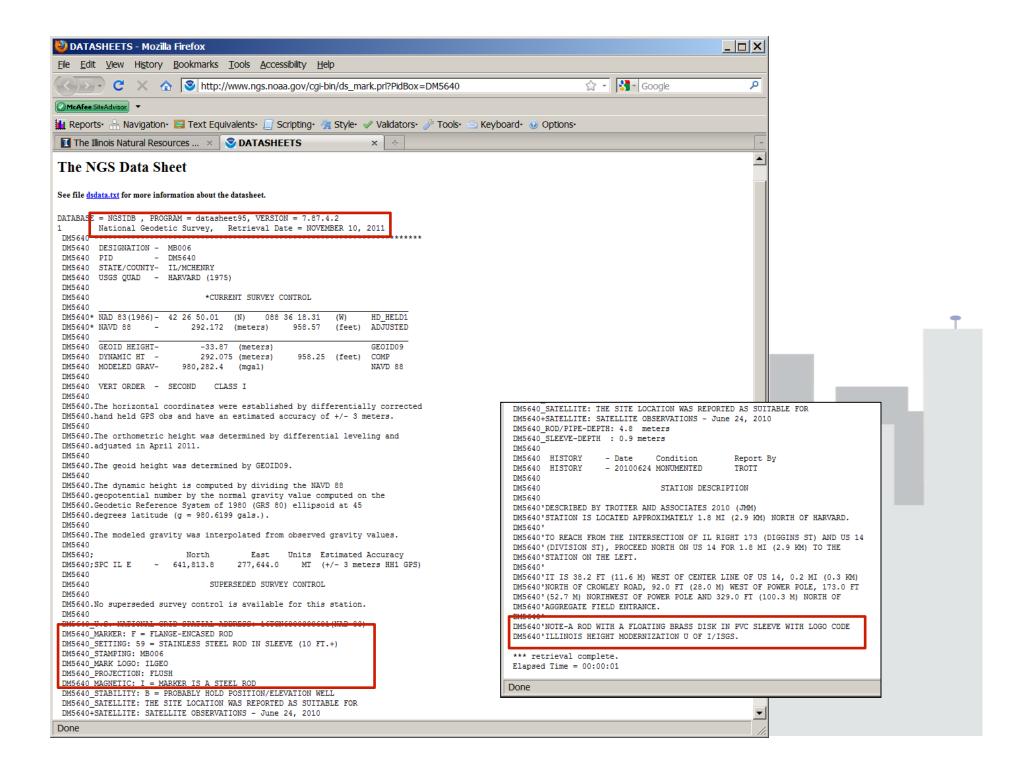


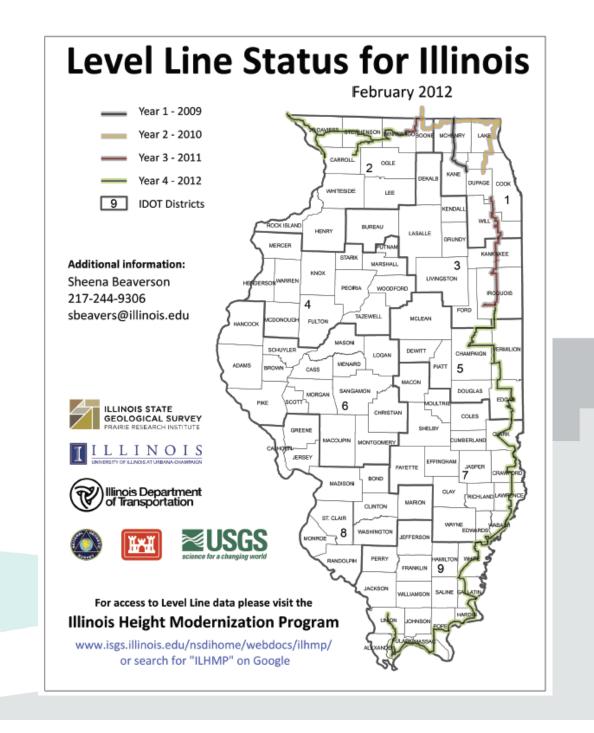
ILHMP: Geodetic Leveling











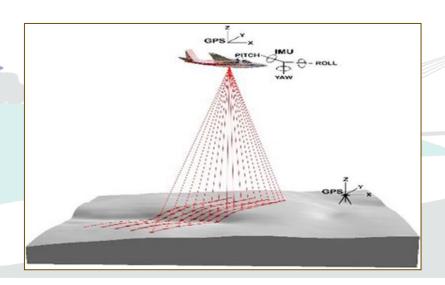
Light Detection and Ranging

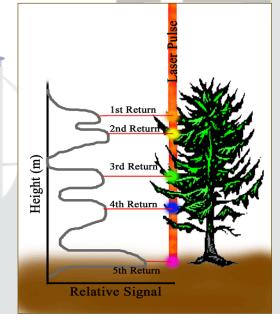
Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data

 Reflected light pulses are detected by instruments that record location information in 3 dimensions.

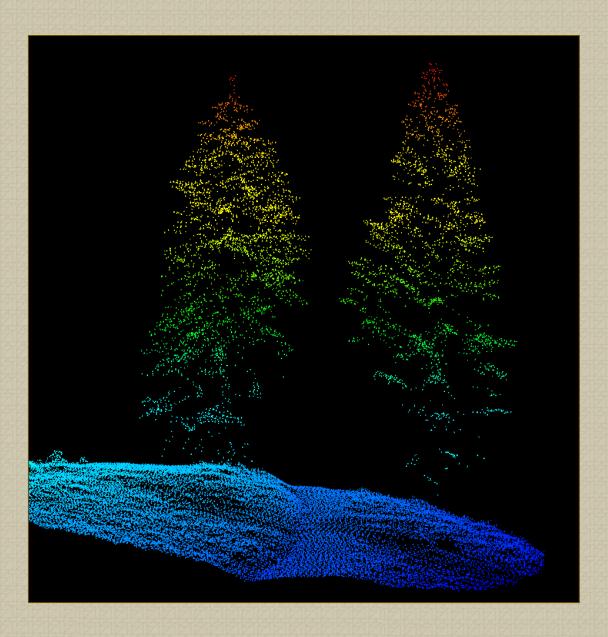
A single pulse of light can be reflected back to the

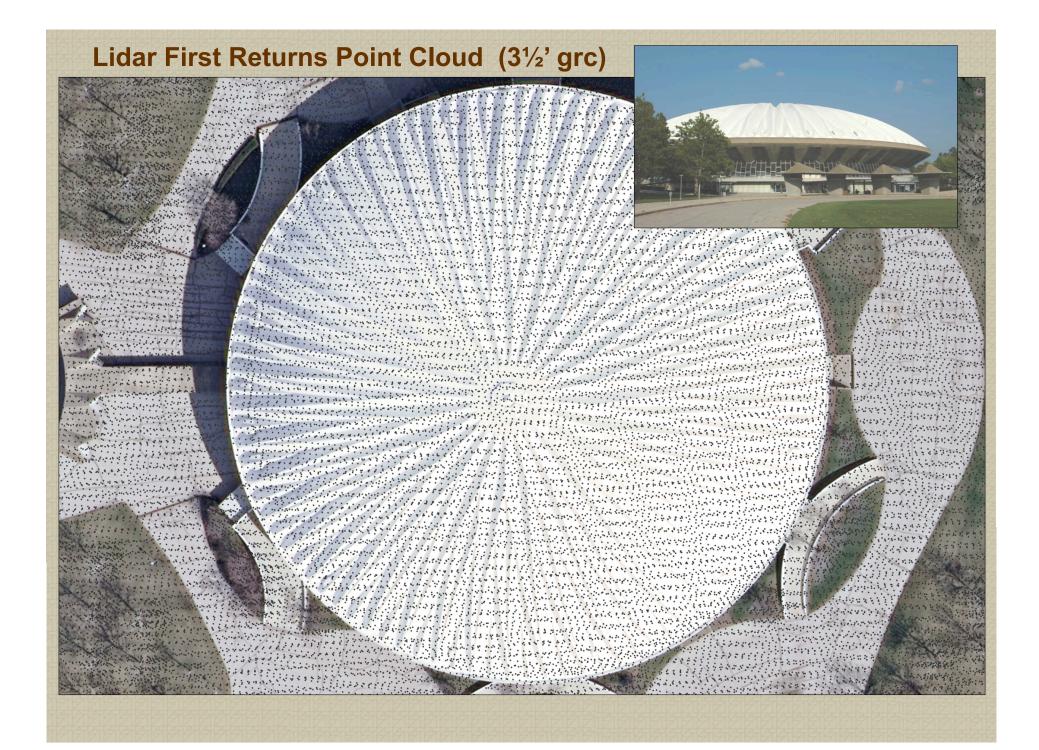
instruments multiple times.





LiDAR All Returns Point Cloud





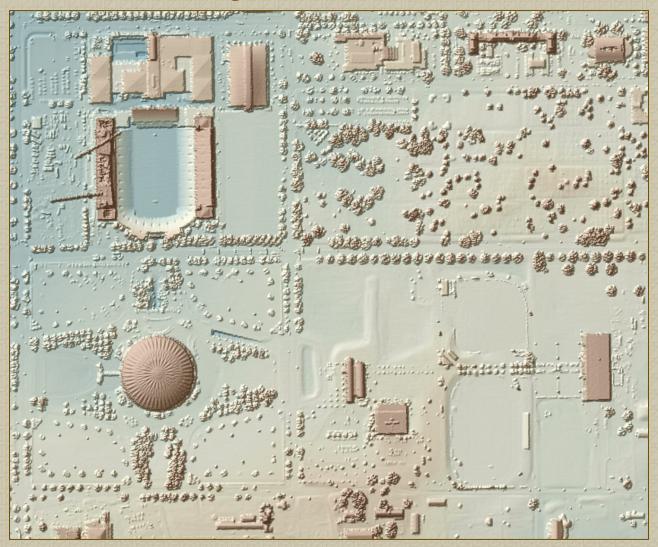
Lidar Last Returns Filtered to Bare Earth Point Cloud (3½' grc)



2008 Color Digital Orthophotography

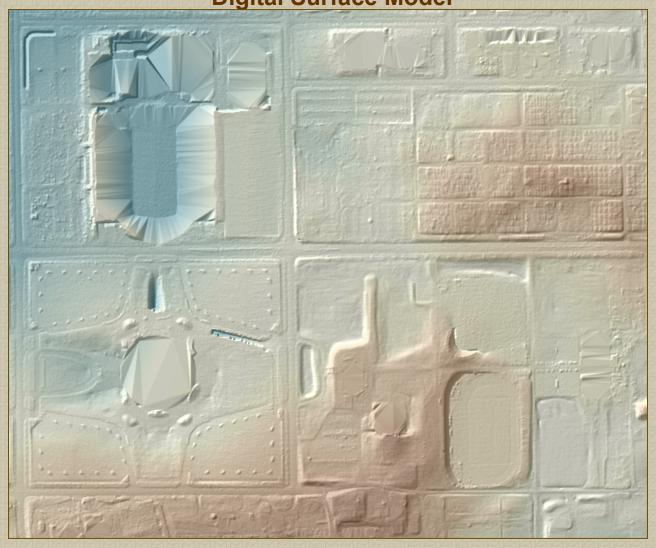


2008 Lidar First Returns Point Cloud Digital Surface Model



2008 Lidar Last Returns Filtered to Bare Earth Point Cloud

Digital Surface Model



USGS Elevation Data compared to Lidar Enhanced Elevation Data



LISSES 3 Certaten DEM Pecatonica River, Winnebago County IL



Preservation of Digital Data

- What does "Preserve Data" mean?
 - Sustainable funding for costs.
 - Policies and standards.
 - Assessing data integrity.
 - Establish and maintain access.
 - Risk assessment and disaster planning.

ILHMP LiDAR: Project Goals

- Acquire, or establish data sharing agreements for, LiDAR and derivative elevation data.
 - First returns, bare earth, breaklines, buildings.
- Share standards and specifications.
- QA/QC newly acquired data.
 - Resolve outstanding issues before contract closed
- Create derivatives on county scale.
 - DEM, DSM, cartographic contours, map series
- Enable on-line data access and visualization

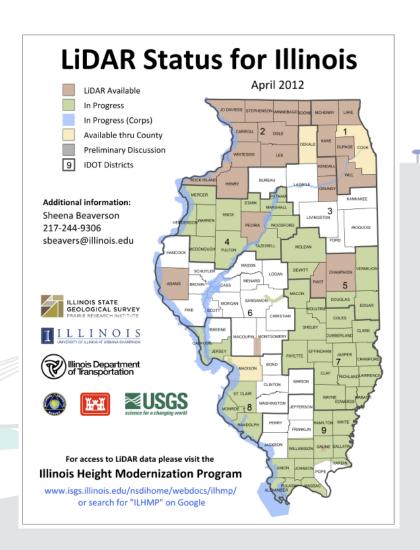
ILHMP LiDAR Data

- Data for 22+ counties
 - 5 Terabytes of data
 - 550,000 individual files
- Data to be delivered for up to 40 counties.
 - 15 Terabytes of data
 - 1.5 million individual files

ILHMP LiDAR Data

 LiDAR exist for brown, yellow counties.

 LiDAR contracted for green counties and river corridors.



Illinois Height Modernization Program LiDAR Data Applications

Morphology of Dune Complexes



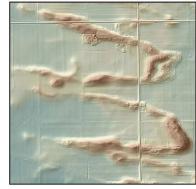
1) 2009 LiDAR elevation image of central Whiteside County.

Whiteside County, Illinois

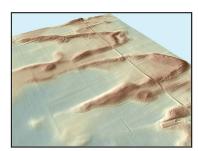
Sand dunes are a particularly prominent landform feature within the Green River Lowland of Whiteside County. Formed by wind action, most dunes have parabolic, compound parabolic, transverse, or dome forms, and are stabilized by vegetation cover under the current climate regime. Dune orientation and internal cross-bedding structure consistently indicate that winds from the northwest and west were responsible for dune construction, similar to the current prevailing wind direction in this region. Optically stimulated luminescence ages (OSL or optical ages) indicate that major dune construction in the Green River Lowland occurred around 17,000 to 18,000 years ago. Dune sand is highly valued by industry, mostly for use in foundries for making high-quality metal castings.

Figure 1 is a color relief image produced from 2009 LiDAR elevation data showing a portion of the dune complex extending twenty miles along the Green River. Dune height in the region ranges from a few feet to nearly forty feet. Figures 2-3 are

Xiaodong Miao and Donald E. Luman



2) Close-up of two prominent parabolic dunes.



3) Perspective view of the two dunes.

close-up images of two large parabolic dunes, both of which have a horizontal extent of ¾ mile. The dune situated on the lower half of the image has a maximum height of thirty-five feet above the surrounding ground surface. The exceptional horizontal resolution (~3 ft.) and vertical resolution (~1 ft.) of LiDAR elevation data makes it ideal for examining the morphology of these dunes, which have heretofore not been mapped in this detail.

For Additional Information:

www.isgs.uiuc.edu/maps-data-pub/county-maps/bureau-co.shtml

Height Modernization

ESRI International User Conference

